

Lipid extraction from plant leaves (Bligh and Dyer's method)

1. Macerate plant leaves (about 1 g fresh weight) in a motor on ice (or with liquid nitrogen)
2. Add 1 ml of chloroform:methanol (1:2) and homogenize well
3. Transfer the homogenate to a glass tube (15 mm) with a stopper
4. Add another 2 ml of chloroform:methanol (1:2) to the motor for wash
5. Transfer the wash to the same glass tube
6. Centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 minutes using the swing rotor of a table-top centrifuge machine
7. Transfer the supernatant to another glass tube with a stopper
8. Add 3 ml of chloroform:methanol (1:2) and 0.8 ml of 1% KCl to the pellet left at #7
9. Vortex well
10. Centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 minutes
11. Transfer the supernatant to the tube prepared in #7
12. Add 2 ml of chloroform and 1.2 ml of 1% KCl to the collected supernatant
13. Vortex well
14. Centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 5 minutes
15. Transfer the lower layer ("lipid extract") to another glass tube (weigh it before use) with a Pasteur pipette
16. Dry under nitrogen stream
17. Weigh the tube with lipid and calculate the weight of total lipids
18. Dissolve in an adequate volume of chloroform:methanol (2:1) for further use

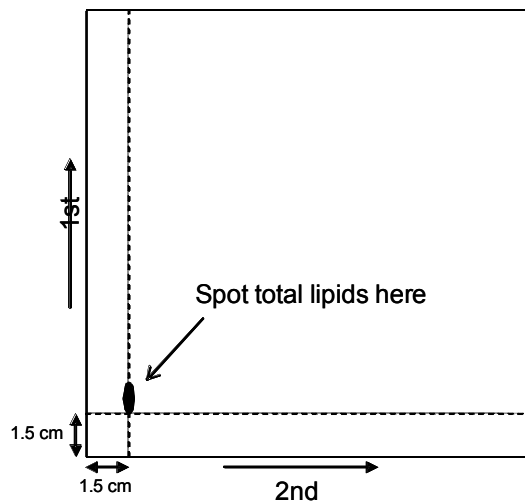
Separation of lipid classes by thin-layer chromatography (TLC)

(This is a protocol for the separation of glycerolipids in plant leaves)

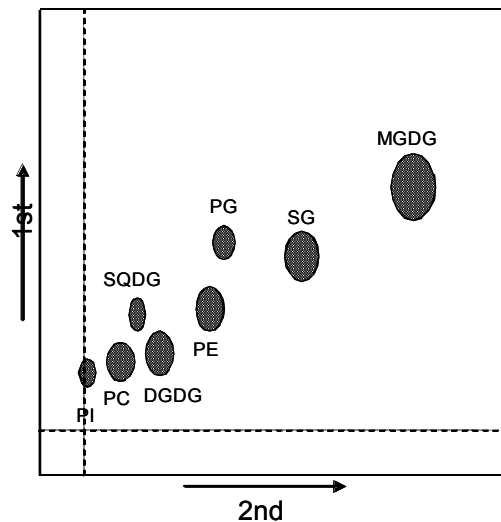
1. Perform 2-dimension TLC of about 500 μ g total lipids using a Silica gel 60 TLC plate

1st: chloroform:methanol:7N ammonia water= 120:80:8

2nd: chloroform:methanol:acetic acid:H₂O=170:20:15:3



2. Visualize lipid classes under UV light after spraying 0.001% primline in 80% acetone to the TLC plate



MGDG, monogalactosyldiacylglycerol; SG, sterolglucoside; PG, phosphatidylglycerol; PE, phosphatidylethanolamine; DGDG, digalactosyldiacylglycerol; SQDG, sulfoquinovosyldiacylglycerol; PC, phosphatidylcholine; PI, phosphatidylinositol

Preparation of gas chromatography (GC) samples

1. Mark the lipid spots with a pencil under UV light
2. Scrape off the each spots from the plate and transfer to a glass tube with a screw cap individually
3. Add 100 μ l of 1 mM of control fatty acid (pentadecanoic acid, 15:0) and 350 μ l of methanol-HCl and close the cap tight
4. Incubate at 85C for an hour
5. Add 500 μ l of hexane and vortex well
6. Transfer the upper layer to another tube (no need to be with a cap)
7. Add another 500 μ l of hexane to the lower layer left over and vortex well
8. Transfer the upper layer to the tube prepared in #6
9. Dry under nitrogen stream
10. Add 60 μ l of hexane and dissolve the lipid
11. Transfer to a GC vial and inject 3 μ l of the sample for GC analysis